THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

question for ordinary diplomatio settle-

France and Germany Are Again in Negotiation on the Issues.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. Paris, June 14.-Moroccan affairs are occupying more space in the French newspapers than is the talk about peace between Russia and Japan. It is believed that France will reject the Sultan's proposal for an international conference and will try to arrange matters directly with Germany. a special mission to Berlin which Premier Rouvier offered him. The German Cabinet refuses to define Germany's claims precisely, despite the French Foreign Office's request that it do so.

Count von Tattenbach-Askold, the German Minister to Morocco, has succeeded in obtaining exclusive concessions relating to the importation and exportation of goods. on account of a German loan. There has teen no question of territorial concessions.

A telegram from Fez says that the provocative attitude of the Sultan is due to daily conversations with Count von Tattenbach-Askold, upon whom he continues to bestow favors while treating the French mission Frencuearked coolness. Evidently the has failed completent racific penetration.

Prince von Radolin, the German Ambassador, and Premier Rouvier held a conference this morning with regard to the situation in Morocco.

LONDON, June 14.-There was continued depression in the stock market to-day. It is attributed not only to doubts of favorable results in the peace negotiations, but also to the grave crisis still impending in the relations of Germany, France and England with regard to Morocco

Great Britain has refused Morocco's invitation to take part in an international conference to discuss reforms. The British Minister visited the Foreign Minister at Fez on June 8 and communicated to him his Government's refusal, which was the first reply received. The German Minister communicated Germany's acceptance on

It is believed that there is little likelihood of the conference meeting. France's refusal to participate, which, it is understood, was withheld until the other invited powers had replied, will be based on the contention that a conference must be fruitless unless Germany and France previously reach an agreement. Italy and Spain do not favor a conference, and with Great Britain supporting France a conference would avail little. It is understood that the United States also takes the

THE HAGUE FAVORED NOW. St. Petersburg Thinks Peace Envoys Will Meet There-Japan Bars Paris.

Special Cable Despotches to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.-The Hague in all probability will be the meeting place of the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries. The outlook for peace is, however, unfavorable. There was a heavy drop in

the Bourse to-day, after a wild advance. Tokio, June 14.-A despatch has been received from Minister Takahira at Washington reporting his interview with Presiand Count Cassini's announcement of the appointment of M. Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador to Paris, as the Czar's representative in the proand Japanese representatives. It is not back into the nation's working capital. likely that Japan will agree to Paris, as it is A large war tribute to be taken absolutely

WASHINGTON, June 14 .- No progress was made to-day in the peace negotiations which are at the present confined solely to determining the place where the plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan shall meet. This does not mean that any difficulty is being encountered in arranging the details of the peace conference, but merely that certain necessary formalities must be complied with before the seat of the negotiations can be selected. Geneva. The Hague and Washington are the only places now in the minds of those who are participating in the exchanges, and it is the understanding in official circles that one

of them will ultimately be chosen. The cause of what may appear to many to be unnecessary delay may be better appreciated when it is remembered that all communications between Russia and Japan must be telegraphed in each case to this city, and then transmitted from here to Tokio and St. Petersburg.

Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, and Mr. Jusserand, the French Ambassador had interviews with the President to-day. Both declined to talk about what had passed between the President and themselves. Upon leaving the White House Count Cassini went to the French Embassy and had a conference with Mr. Jusserand-

## RUSSIAN ARMY IN BAD WAY. Japanese Expect Decisive Battle to Begin in a Few Days.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 15 .- A despatch to the Daily Mail from Seoul, Corea, says that the movements of the Japanese armies against Gen. Linievitch are progressing rapidly. The next few days should see the opening of what will probably prove the decisive action of the campaign.

Gen. Linievitch is in an almost hopeless position. His force is much inferior to that of the Japanese. The Russians are shaken by their repeated reverses, and the catastrophe in the Sea of Japan caused consternation among them.

The Moji correspondent of the Telegraph says the rainy season has started in Manchuria. There is a continuous downpour except for a few hours at night. The roads are kneedeep in mud. Nevertheless military operations will not be interfered with. Glad tidings are expected in a few

RUSSIAN NOTE LUDICROUS.

London "Globe" Says Czar's Government Is Still Trying to Bluff

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 14.-The Globe, comment ing upon the Russian official statement of the communications that have been exchanged between Foreign Minister Lamsdorff and Ambassador Meyer with regard to President Roosevelt's peace proposal, notes particularly these words in the Russian summary of the negotiations: "If the Japanese Government expressed a desire therefor. The Globe says "These words, and especially the spirit underlying them, betray a wholly and ludicrously wrong estimate of the relative positions of the combatants. In the circumstances such language is

Trust Company of America

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$11,600,000

PRESIDENT OAKLEIGH THORNE HONORARY VICE-PREBIDENT JOHN D. CRIMMINS

MAIN OFFICE, . 138 BROADWAY

BRANCHES . . 148 BROADWAY

nothing less than an impertinence. It inclines us to believe that Russian statesmen still cling to the traditional policy of

Former Premier Léon Bourgeois has declined | bluff and arrogance in dealing with other

Council Said to Have Approved the Bouly-

guine Program. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, June 14 .- A despatch to the Eclair from St. Petersburg says that a council held at Tsarskoe-Selo on Monday evening approved the program of reforms proposed by M. Boulyguine, the Minister of the Interior, and M. Yermoloff, the Minister of Agriculture and State Domains, which was adopted in principle last March. It includes the institution of a representative assembly which will have legislative powers but will not be allowed to discuss the budget. It abolishes the press censorship and places other man the same footing as persons of

To Poland are giving in Russia. the privileges possessed by that province before the insurrection of 1863. The Polish and Russian languages are to be equally official, and Poles will have the right to hold any post in the empire. There will be no restrictions upon Poles or Jews in entering the higher schools.

Similar reforms are granted in Finland. including the admission of Finnish as the official language. The special Russian laws introduced into Finland by Alexander III. are abolished. The Senate of Finland is to

have more power. Sweeping reforms are introduced in the Baltio provinces. German, like Russian, is to be an official language, and the liberal laws of Alexander II. are to be restored.

The following reforms are granted in the Caucasus: Progressive emancipation of the natives; abolition of indirect taxation; a government protectorate, calculated to obviate racial conflicts; abolition of corporal punishment; the grant of government land to peasants on liberal terms; the institution of district banks to facilitate land purchase; abolition of the Holy Synod schools managed by popes; complete freedom of conscience for all Russian subjects without denominational distinctions, each denomination to be allowed to have its own ministry and to erect churches; the revision of the penal code and laws of the empire.

SAYS RUSSIA CANNOT PAY. Prof. Miguiin Declares Indemnity Charge

Would Bankrupt the Nation. Special Cable Despotch to THE SUN.
St. Petersburg, June 14.—Russia's capacity to pay an indemnity to Japan is analyzed by Prof. Migulin of Kharkoff University, a leading writer on political

He points out that Russia in an extreme degree is a poor country. The last 5 per cent, internal loan was realized with great difficulty. The savings banks and private bankers together were scarcely able to help the Finance Minister to secure the issue. posed peace negotiations and the proposal. The money raised by this loan remained to of Paris as the meeting place for the Russian | a large extent in the country and flowed

the capital of Russia's ally. Besides, its out of the country would provoke a monedistance would involve delay. Probably tary crisis. What would Russia's position Japan will propose a point near the theater the if she went into the foreign markets to of war. The Japanese plenipotentiary has borrow? It is scarcely likely that France would help to find one or two milliard of rubles in order, as many Frenchmen believe, to enable Japan to take Indo-China away from France. It is stated that by paying very high interest Russia could obtain money. Prof. Migulin concedes that she could get money for a productive object, but there is no such future recomrense in a war contribution.

Russia would have to pay 75,000,000 or 150,000,000 rubles interest yearly, according as the tribute was one or two milliard robles. She has already to pay 200,000,000 rubles interest yearly on foreign loans, and she cannot do so without having recourse to constant foreign borrowings. Where, then, could an additional 100,000,000 rubles be found?

An attempt to meet a large tribute would mean national bankruptev, which would be a bar to normal military expenditure, the construction of a new fleet, &c. All the revenue would be swallowed up by loans raised abroad. So prohibitive are the conditions for meeting another great debt abroad that Prof. Migulin urges that the payment of an indemnity be refused.

WITTE NOT HOPEFUL OF PEACE. Therefore He Declines to Take Part in the Present Parleys.

ectal Cable Despatch to THE SUN St. Petersburg, June 14.-The Storo publishes an interview with Sergius Witte. the Liberal leader. M. Witte told the newspaper's representative that he would refuse to take part in the present peace parleys. He said he could not see that the main current of opinion in Russia was directed toward peace or that the head of the Government desired to alter the current of events, which was unchanged, despite passing surface appearances. He did not see that events were shaping themselves in a direction where useful work could be found for him. M. Witte said he was sure that Japan, in concluding a peace, would wish to secure

herself from aggression for at least fifty Her claims, he said, would be essentially other than she preferred at the commencement of the war, and she would

**ANAWFULSKIN HUMOR** 

Covered Head, Neck and Shoulders Suffered Agony for Twentyfive Years.

UNTIL CURED BY CUTICURA

"For twenty-five years I suffered agony from a terrible humor, completely covering my head, neck and shoulders, discharging matter of such offensiveness to sight and smell that I became an object of dread. I consulted the most able doctors far and near, to no avail. Then got Cuticura, and in a surprisingly short time I was completely cured. For this I thank Cuticura, and advise all those suffering from skin humors to get it and end their misery at once. S. P. Keyes, 149 Congress Street, Boston, Mass."

maintain them with the utmost firmness Russia, M. Witte added, might prolong the war for five years, expecting to bring Japan to a standstill, were it not for the internal situation, which the Government was trying not to see and was refusing to take into consideration. "There," concludes the interview, "lies all the horror of the actual position of Russia. Every

hour of delay drags her lower and lower." The Russ says that Russia's reply to President Roosevelt's note shows that the Government in no wise agrees to enter into negotiations, but simply desires to know the Japanese conditions of peace before determining whether it is possible to negotiate.

The Stiet says that the Russian note merely indicates an inclination in the direction of peace. The Norce Vremya remarks that Japan needs peace more than Russia does.

The Gazette publishes to-day an interview with the Secretary of the Chinese Legation here, who is represented as saying that Russia must make peace immediately. RUSSIA'S SCHEME OF REFORMS. as he is able to affirm that Gen. Linlevitch is surrounded.

> STRONG GUARD FOR THE CZAR. Police Take Measures to Protect Him on His Trip to Peterhof.

special Cable Desputch to THE SUN St. Petersburg. June 14. - The police have made domiciliary visits at every house in the Peterhof district. The antecedents of the inmates and their passports were verified. Beggars were removed from all the roads from Peterhof to Tsarskoe-Selo. No newcomers will be allowed in the district this week. All craft have been removed from the waters fronting the Peter hof palace except the Goverto the Czar's removal of his residence from

American Military Mission in Russia.

The date of his journey is not disclosed.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sux.

St. Petersburg, June 14.— Ambassador Meyer presented at the Foreign Office today Brig.-Gen. Thomas Barry, Col. John Van R. Hoff, Medical Department, and Capt. Sydney A. Cloman of the Twentysecond Infantry, the American military mission which is proceeding to Manchuria, where it will be attached to Gen. Linievitch's headquarters.

Russia Buying Cartridges in Germany. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUK.

BERLIN, June 14. Russia has ordered 200,000,000 cartridges of the Ludwig Loewe arms factory here, and intends to give the same firm a large order for rifles.

THOMAS PLAY FOR JOHN DREW And Another for D'Orsay-Author Hack From Europe With Them.

Augustus Thomas, who returned from Europe last Monday, announced two plays last night that he has written for next

"The Embassy Ball," in which Kirke La Shelle planned to star La wrance D'Orsay, is a comedy of Washington diplomatic life. The death of Mr. La Shelle has made it uncertain who will present the comedy. The principal character is an attache of The principal character is an attache of the British Legation.

The other play that Mr. Thomas brought back with him is "Jim Delancey," which he wrote for John Drew. It is a three act comedy of Newport and New York. Mr. Drew objected to the title, and it will probably be changed.

FINED FOR BOYCOTT NOTICE. Tailor Pasted It on Window of Broadway

Store-Cost, \$15. Louis Brisotti, a tailor of 34 East Fourth street, was fined \$15 in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday for endeavoring to get persons to boycott Marks Arnheim by pasting a notice on the window of Arnheim's place on Broadway.

Brisotti is a member of the United Garment Workers of America.

OSCAR THANKS KING

stockholm. June 14.—King Oscar has issued a manifesto to the Swedes thanking them for their sympathy in connection with the secession of Norway. He declares that the revolution the Norwegians brought about against their King and brothers has inflicted deep and incurable wounds in his heart, but the proofs of the true affection of Sweden have been an indescribable consolation. He concludes:

"May God bless my Swedish people. This is the warmest and most heartfelt prayer that I will offer to the Most High during the remainder of my life."

siderable sum of money, Jarvis wrote her asking for a loan of \$1.450.

In the County Court House yesterday there was the greatest surprise expressed by lawyers who know Wickes, not only that he should have made use of the Lewis Jarvis method of doing business but that he felt it necessary to help out his income by any such practises. He had many cases in the Supreme Court, for which he was known to get substantial fees. He always dressed rather elaborately and frequented places where the poverty stricken are not out at Delmonico's last night, dining with an derivative court thouse yesterday. In the County Court House yesterday there was the greatest surprise expressed by lawyers who know Wickes, not only that he should have made use of the Lewis Jarvis method of doing business but that he felt it necessary to help out his income by any such practises. He had many cases in the Supreme Court, for which he was known to get substantial fees. He always dressed rather elaborately and frequented places where the poverty stricken are not out at Delmonico's last night, dining with some elaboration and conversing with an

during the remainder of my life." Oxford Degree for Dr. Osler

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON. June 14.-Oxford University has conferred the honorary degree of M. D. on Dr. William Osler, who will soon take the chair of Regius Professor of Medicine at that university.

Cambridge University has conferred the degree of LL. D. on Basil Gildersleeve, professor of Greek at Johns Hopkins University.

Americans Wed in London.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 14 .- F. K. Curtis, son of the late Chief Justice W. E. Curtis of the Superior Court of New York city, was married here to-day to Cornelia, daughter of G. W. McLanahan, of Washington. Cornelia, daughter of Elverton Chapman of New York, was married here today to Percy Turber.

New Greek Premier Named.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
ATHENS, June 14.-Mr. Gounarakis, Minister of Finance in the Cabinet of Premier Delyannis, who was assassinated yesterday, will provisionally succeed him as Prime Minister of Greece

Germany Gets Into Equitable Case. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, June 14.-The German Fire Insurance Union has appointed a subcommittee to protect the interests of policyholders in the Equitable.

Suspected of At empt on King's Life. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BARCELONA, June 14 .- An anarchist named Solinas, who lately arrived from

Paris, has been arrested on suspicion of

being connected with the attempt upon the life of King Alfonso. Duchess's Jewels Recovered. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 14.—The jewels, valued valued at \$30,000, which were stolen from

the Duchess of Westminster a few weeks

ago, have been found in a field near Cam-bridge. The supposed thief has been arrested. Thirty-fifth Carnegie Free Library. McKim, Mead & White, architects, have filed the plans for a new three story and attic free public library, which is to be the thirty-fifth of the chain given by Mr. Carnegie and which is to be erected on 145th street, 100 feet west of Amsterdam avenue. It is to be 60 feet front and 80

20 HOURS 27 HOURS

to CINCINNATI to St. Louis THE ST. LOU'S LIMITED THE FASTEST TRAIN TO THE SOUTHWEST

RAILROAD PENNSYLVAMA

v. NEW YORK (West 23d Street) (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets)	. 10:55 A. M. . 11:00
(Despiosses and Continue	10:45
BROOKLYN	8·30 "
r. CINCINNATI	1:30 P. M.
Pullman Parlor Smoking Car, Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, Cor Pullman Parlor Smoking Car, Drawing Room Sleeping Car to Cincinna	ti.

Observation Car to St. Louis: Similar Service Returning

Other fast trains between New York and Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland and Cincinnati. J. R. WOOD, W. W. ATTERBURY, General Passenger A gent Passenger Traffic Manager

Therance Gates

Marquises

in Bronze or

W™H.JACKSON COMPANY

Union Sq. North-29 E.17 5t.

SPECIAL SESSION NEXT WEEK

IS THE PROGRAM-COMPLAINT

AGAINST HOOKER DRAWN

Assembly Judiciary Committee, Sens-

tors Remaining Away-Gov. Higgins to

Be Here To-day - Report That Nixon It

Picked for State Chairman Revived.

The Judiciary Committee of the Assem-

bly met last evening at the Hotel Cadillao

to talk over the procedure which shall be

followed in the trial of Justice Warren B.

Hooker at the special session of the Legis-

lature. The members of the Assembly

committee had called for earlier in the day

a conference with the Judiciary Committee

or two other members of the committee

responded, but when they learned that

the object of the call was to discuss the

form of resolution calling for the removal

of Justice Hooker they refused to join

in the meeting of the Assembly committee

on the ground that they did not see why

they should obey a summons from the

Assembly committee and, further, that

they were not called upon to take any steps

until the special session had actually been

Thereupon the Assembly committee

against Judge Hooker, practically a rep-

etition of the report which was made at

the regular session. In addition, the com-

ture it will lead to a sharply defined issue.

Friends of Judge Hooker were saying

last night that no matter if the Legislature should resolve to remove Judge Hooker, the courts will be called upon to pass on the right of the Legislature to do it.

There has never been a precedent in this State for the removal of a Justice of the Supreme Court by the Legislature, but Sec-

tion 11 Article vi of the Constitution save

"Judges of the Court of Appeals and Jus-tices of the Supreme Court may be re-moved by concurrent resolution of both

houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of

all the members elected to each house concur therein."

In spite of this, these friends of Justice

Hooker say they think that the power of the Legislature to act alone on the removal of either class of Judges can be questioned

of Appeals, they point out, sits with the Legislature on impeachment proceedings.

Odell had talks vesterday with

Chairman Odell had talks yesterday with Senator Raines, Senator Malby and Speaker Nixon. The talk with Mr. Malby had to do,

it was said, with the approaching Judiciary, convention of the Fourth district, which is

Justice Martin L. Stover of Amsterdam

Chairman Odell's talks with other up-country Republicans within the last two

days resulted in a revival vesterday of the

All Over New Jersey

International Brotherhood of Foundry Em-

Foundrymen's Association were still tied

up yesterday in spite of the efforts of the

employers to find new men. The strike is

to be extended to all the foundries in New

A smoker's sore tongue and outh are relieved by cleansing Business Agent Downing of the New York branch of the International Brass Molders' Union said last evening:

"This will be a bigger strike than was at first contemplated. There are 2,000 men out recommendated.

a successor to Supreme Court

as an assumption of power over nate branch of the Government.

chairman of the State committee

Legislature, but Sec-

Senators McCarren, Warnick and one

of the Senate.

called.

in Iron.

Front Doors

LAWYER SHELBY'S SAFERS. As Mr. Wickes He Promises to Make It Hot for Osborne and Dines in Great Good Humor at Delmonico's A Few More Things That He Wrote to People About. Tsarskos-Selo to Peterhof for the summer

LEWIS JARVIS NOT WORRYING.

Thomas Parmalee Wickes, the lawyer who boosted his own practise and proffered advice to Commodore Edward Weston, a client of his opponents, by writing letters over the signature "Lewis Jarvis," recovered yesterday some of the equanimity which deserted him after his indictment by the Grand Jury on Tuesday for attempted blackmail, but evaded all efforts to get him to deny flatly the authorship of the Jarvis letters. Said Mr. Wickes:

"After Osborne gets through firing his broadsides at me through the press-believe me, gentlemen, I do not mean to be discourteous, but I feel that the newspapers this morning treated me with but scant courtesy-I will return the fire. My fire will be very hot; I think I can assure you of that. I think he must have pretty well exhausted his ammunition this morning. I shall wait, however, until he peters out before I begin. Unless my counsel advises to the contrary, I think I shall not have much to say in the immediate future.

"It seems to me that I had rather more notoriety in the columns of the press this morning than the matter warranted. But I suppose that is inevitable when one has been rather prominent in the courts and when one has many prominent friends. I am not worrying. Do I look as though I

Mr. Wickes did not look as though he were worrying. No letters on the Lewis Jarvis letterhead No letters on the Lewis Jarvis letterhead which Wickes used were made public yesterday. Evan Shelby, who has a big collection of Lewis Jarvis letters in his safe, announced that it was no part of Commodore Weston's plan to persecute Mr. Wickes. The other letters were at the District Attorney's service if the Weston letters were not sufficient.

There were records eventerday that Wickes

letters were not sufficient.

There were reports yesterday that Wickes had written letters over the names "Charles Dawson" and "McRae Farquhar." None of these letters had come to the attention of Mr. Osborne, Commodore Weston's counsel, if they were ever in existence. But that "Jarvis" did offer to do detective work among families of social prominence who could not be watched by ordinary detectives at all and that he sometimes offered to lend money to persons who were reported to be in straits were not denied.

In one instance, which the letters collected by Mr. Shelby revealed, Lewis Jarvis KING OSCAR THANKS SWEDES.

Their Affection a Great Consolution to Him at This Time.

Special Cable Despetch to THE SUS.

STOCKHOLM. June 14.—King Oscar has

some elaboration and conversing with an acquaintance with great good humor.

T. C. O'Sullivan, who was Lawyer Wickes's associate in the suit of Dr.Grinnell against Commodore Weston, said last night that it wasn't until last Sunday that Dr. Grinnell

knew what Wickes had been doing, and then he told Wickes that he would have nothing more to do with him. On Sunday, after repeated attempts to get Mr. Wickes to discuss the case," said Mr. O'Sullivan, "he was finally induced to come to my house and Mr. Wickes, Dr. Grinnell and myself talked it over. Dr. Frinnell and myself talked by undone. Frinnell went away completely undone. I requested Mr. Wickes not to appear again. and he accepted the suggestion. Whether the charges were true or not I felt I could not remain in the case, and so did Dr. Grinnell. I cannot account forMr. Wickes's conduct except on the theory of mental derangement. Among other things which he confided to me on Sunday was the ap-parently sincere statement that in writing the letters he had no intention of doing any wrong. There had been a Lewis Jarvis in his family some time back, and he told me his family some time back, and me told me that in conducting an investigation some years ago he had taken that name for the purpose and had used it again in this instance. If he had an exact appreciation of what he was doing he would have realized that it was absolutely discoverable and that he might as well have signed his own name. I know he resents the idea that he is at all the manufally however." wrong mentally, however.

NETHERSOLE TO RETURN. To Play Here Next Season Under the

Management of C. B. Dillingham. Olga Nethersole is to return to this country in the fall. She will be under the management of Charles B. Dillingham. Miss Nethersole hasn't played here since her troubles over the "Sapho" production four

The actress left us in somewhat of a hu at that time and vowed she never would return. For several seasons she has been playing in London and the provinces, acting her own manager. Her last two seasons were failures

mouth are relieved by cleansing

LIQUID. POWDER OR PASTE. ASK YOUR DENTIST.

Selected for use at the new Hotel Astor, celebrated among New York's great hotels for the high standard of all its appointments



**SteckPianos** 

HE furnishing of the new Hotel Astor—one of the finest hostelries in the world-was recently completed by the installation of eight Steck Pianos.

This selection speaks in the strongest possible terms of the musical and structural excellence, which has kept the Steck in the front rank of piano-fortes for the last half century.

Another recent purchase was an order placed this week by the New York Board of Education for fitteen additional Stecks. Inasmuch as there were already over two hundred in daily use in New York's public schools, this is direct evidence of the thorough satisfaction which the Steck Piano gives, even under the most trying circumstances.

No person contemplating the purchase of a piano should fail to send for Catalog, describing the patented independent iron frame construction used only in Steck Pianos, and containing many testimonials from eminent musicians, including Richard Wagner and Franz Liszt.

THE AEOLIAN CO., Aeolian Hall,

362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St., New York. Controlling the manufacture and sale of Weber, Steck, Wheelock and Stuyvesant Pianos.

met alone and drew up a formal complaint AWAIT THE HENDRICKS REPORT. No Changes in the Equitable to Be Ex-

pected Until It Is Made Public. mittee adopted a form of resolution which The Equitable reorganization awaits the is to accompany the complaint and which report of State Superintendent of Inrecommends the removal of Judge Hooker. surance Francis Hendricks. Paul Morton, Another resolution will be sent to the the newly elected chairman of the board Senate asking that body to concur. The purpose of the action taken vesterday of directors, will take no action in regard to reorganization until the State Superby the Assembly committee was to exintendent's report has been made public. pedite the early work of the special ses-That will be early next week.

The Equitable's executive committee The special session may be called meeting adjourned yesterday without having accomplished anything other than the

James H. Hyde presided at the committee's meeting, and these other directors and it is stated that after this conference the summons for the extra session will be attended: President Alexander, Gage E. Tarbell, William H. McIntyre, George T One of the first things to be decided a Wilson, V. P. Snyder, Chauncey M. Depew, the session will be the form in which the trial of Judge Hooker shall be conducted. Alvin W. Krech, H. C. Deming, Thomas trial of Judge Hooker shall be conducted. Some of the leaders of the Legislature are of the opinion that as the Legislature is to act as a jury the witnesses should be heard by all of the members and not merely by the committees. This will be one of the first questions for discussion, and according to some of the members of the Legislature is will lead to a sharply defined in D. Jordan and H. R. Winthrop, secretary. Mr. Morton said after the meeting: "I was made a member of the committee

and that's about the only business that was transacted. The committee was not reorganized along the lines recommended by the directors at their last meeting, and no change was made in the finance com-mittee. No resignations of officers or others were accepted. "We are all waiting for the Hendricks

report to be made public before doing anything. We are in the dark as to what that report contains, and we don't want to make any move until we know. Our plans are unsettled. I have not talked with Mr. Hendricks, and have had no opportunit to find out what his investigation developed."

Mr. Morton was in the Equitable Build-

ing early in the morning. He held a brief conference with President Alexander, and also had a talk with Mr. Ryan before the also had a talk with Mr. Ryan before the executive committee meeting. With Mr. Ryan and Mr. Morton in conference was Gage E. Tarbell, the society's second vice-president. Mr. Tarbell, it was said, had been called before Mr. Morton and Mr. Ryan to give information regarding the business of the society.

The three trustees who are to vote the Bran collection.

Ryan policyholders' group stock, Grover Cleveland, Justice O'Brien and George Westinghouse, did not get together yester-day, but it was said that an effort would be made to have them meet to-day. Supt. Hendricks was busy all day in his office at 11 Broadway whipping his report into shape. He had no more Equitable officers before him.

It was learned yesterday that Jacob H

report that Mr. Odell is planning to elect Speaker Nixon at the Republican State convention of 1996 to be his successor as It was learned yesterday that sacon ri. Schiff is now the owner of five shares of the Equitable's capital stock. Mr. Schiff bought this stock, it was said, a few days before he resigned from the directorate. Mr. Schiff, it was said, paid a good price for the stock. He expected at that time, of course, BRASS MOLDERS TAKE A HAND. stock. He expected at that the society.
to remain in the directorate of the society. At the auction sale of securities at the Real Estate Exchange yesterday 560 shares of Equitable Trust Company stock offered at auction were bid in by the owners, as were 200 shares of Mercantile Trust Company stock. The Equitable Trust stock was taken in at 580. The last sale made was at 25 Foundry Workers' Strike to Be Extended The brass molders will refuse to work to-day in all foundries in New York and New Jersey where the members of the plovees are on strike. All the foundries of Henry C. Frick made a statement vester. members of the New York and New Jersey

day in Princeton, saying among other "My official connection with the Equitable failed to adopt the report of the committee they appointed to investigate the present management. However, as a policyholder management. However, as a policyholder of long standing I should like to see the new management continue the investigation as outlined in the committee's letter of April 8 to President Alexander. I do not

men out now; to-morrow 2,000 more will be out, and 1,000 more will follow." Frank McArdle, president of the Inter-national Brotherhood of Foundry Em-FOR STOMACH DISORDERS. GOUT and DYSPEPSIA national Brotherhood of Foundry Employees, said yesterday that the employers had misrepresented the demands. The closed shop was not asked for.

"I had a conference with Secretary Hunter of the New York and New Jersey Foundrymen's Association before the strike," he said, "and withdrew the demands for the closed shop and for remission for for the closed shop and for permission for the walking delegates to enter the foun-dries. This left our sole demand an increase of wages of 25 cents a day, and this we will fight for to the end." Best NATURAL Alkaline Water.

ESTABLISHED MEANUT HALF A CENTUR WE now show fancy wash Vests in all the newest effects.

White Vests of bleached and unbleached linen. Also, Tan and Gray in a variety of plain shades and patterns.

Single-Breasted Vests, \$2.50 to \$4.50. Double-Breasted Vests. \$4.00 to \$5.50. Subway Station at our door.

C. H. BROWN CO. CLEANSING TEL 1531-38th St. 5 221 & 223 E. 38th 50 AIR. Taking Up.

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

know Mr. Ryan personally, nor do I know any one associated with him in the purchase of the Hyde stock. The gentlemen selected by Mr. Ryan as trustees are above reproac Any board selected by them will undoubt-edly elect officers who will be satisfactory to the policyholders and the general public

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Matthew Loughlin, who pleaded guilty last week to the charge of having appropriated to his own use \$160 which he had collected as an agent of the Æina Insurance Company, was sentenced to El-mira yesterday by Judge McMahon in the Court of General Sessions.

CURTIS McLANAHAN .- At Saint Martins in the

MARRIED.

Fields, London, England, on Wednesday June 14, 1906, Cornells Day McLanahan, daugh-ter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. McLanahan of Washington, D. C., to F. Kingsbury Curits of New York.

DIED.

DYCKMAN .- Suddenly, at Orange, N. J., on June 14 Eliza Preswick Dyckman, in her 88th year Notice of funeral hereafter.

KING.-Suddenly, at Hotel Brighton, Atlantic City June 14. Harry J. King of Pittsburg. Pa. LELONG.-At Newark, N. J., June 13, 1905, Louis Lelong, in the 67th year of his age Funeral service at his home, 1074 Broad st Newark, on Friday, June 16, at 3 P. M.

ment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery. SIERCK.—On Wednesday, at his residence. 19 West
68th st., Carsten William Slerck, beloved his
band of Ottilla Slerck, in his 57ta year. Notice of funeral services in Friday morning s paper. European papers please copy-UNDERHILL.—On Wednesday, June 14, Emma Huber Underhill, wife of Elmer Underhill Services will be held at her late residence on

Friday at 4 o'clock. CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY is readily accessible by Harlem trains from 0 314 Central Station, Web iter and Jerom As 312 trollers and by carriage. Lots \$12, up Fee phone (4875 Gramercy) for Book of Views of representations.

OFFICE 20 EAST 28D ST. M. Y. CITY.